## IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

FILED

November 8, 2007

No. 06-41708 Conference Calendar

Charles R. Fulbruge III
Clerk

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Plaintiff-Appellee

V.

VALENTIN LOPEZ-ALVAREZ

Defendant-Appellant

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas USDC No. 5:06-CR-574-ALL

Before KING, BARKSDALE, and DENNIS, Circuit Judges. PER CURIAM:\*

Appealing the Judgment in a Criminal Case, Valentin Lopez-Alvarez raises arguments that are foreclosed by Almendarez-Torres v. United States, 523 U.S. 224, 235 (1998), which held that 8 U.S.C. § 1326(b)(2) is a penalty provision and not a separate criminal offense. United States v. Pineda-Arrellano, 492 F.3d 624, 625 (5th Cir. 2007), petition for cert. filed (Aug. 28, 2007) (No. 07-6202).

<sup>\*</sup> Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

Lopez-Alvarez also requests a remand to the district court for the limited purpose of correcting the judgment under FED. R. CRIM. P. 36 to reflect that he pleaded guilty to attempted illegal reentry into the United States. The Government joins in Lopez-Alvarez's request that we remand for correction of the clerical error. The Government's motion for summary affirmance is granted, and the judgment of the district court is affirmed. We remand to the district court with an instruction to correct the judgment pursuant to FED. R. CRIM. P. 36 to reflect that Lopez-Alvarez pleaded guilty to attempted reentry of a deported alien.

AFFIRMED; MOTION FOR SUMMARY AFFIRMANCE GRANTED; REMANDED with instruction.